



Slender and Zippy

This is the most friendly and easy style of Grüner, the stuff of lazy afternoons and balmy summer evenings with drinks, snacks and conversation. With snappy acidity and a peppery vibe, its lack of heft might be its supreme summertime virtue.

The Austrians embrace their *heurigen*, down-to-earth taverns that serve local wine and simple, hearty foods. They understand that you might want to sip for hours without falling over. These light-bodied styles of Grüner Veltliner were made for that. They refresh, animate and fit the bill of authentic, local thirst-quenchers. And, they don't break the bank.

The cause of Grüner's pepperiness is a naturally occurring compound known as rotundone. It's found in the grapes' skins, and it's the same compound that makes Syrah so peppery. Grüner Veltliner's naturally high levels of rotundone are up to 17 times the average person's sensory threshold.

The northerly Weinviertel is this style's spiritual home, where the grape is known as *Pfefferl* for its spicy edge. However, easygoing Grüner is made throughout Austria. Slightly higher yields, timely harvest and vinification in stainless steel add to its lightness and verve.

"What I love about Grüner Veltliner as a grape is that it can make spritzy wines at moderate alcohol levels [that] bring lots of character and personality, even at 12.5% abv," says Franz-Josef Gansberger, winemaker at the Stadt Krems Estate in Kremstal.

These styles are often bottled with a little residual carbon dioxide, which provides a slightly fizzy mouthfeel that heightens the perception of freshness. If you're really thirsty, this uncomplicated, fresh wine is ideal to make a G'sprizter, the Austrian summer drink of half white wine, half seltzer. Just make sure to select the newest vintage and have lots of friends around to share it.



Sparkling GV

When tended and harvested with this purpose in mind, the Grüner Veltliner variety can make a great base for sparkling wine, called *sekt* in Austria.

"Grüner Veltliner's harmonious fresh, fruity and peppery notes create a unique flavor profile that makes this variety very suited to the production of sekt," says Markus Graser of Schlumberger Sekt, Austria's oldest sparkling-wine producer. "Here in the northern Weinviertel, we have an ideal acidityripeness ratio and an optimal acidity structure in Grüner to make it an optimal base for typically Austrian sekt."

Sweet GV

Austria has a long tradition of sweet wines made from botrytis-affected grapes. When Grüner Veltliner is affected by noble rot, its aromas of herbs and spice balance the rich, concentrated sweetness of these intense, long-lived wines. Depending on the level of botrytis infection, you can have mellow auslese, rich

beerenauslese or decadent and luscious trockenbeerenauslese (often abbreviated TBA).

Austria's fiercely cold winters also produce thrilling eiswein, made in tiny, precious quantities from grapes frozen on the vine and harvested during frosty nights for complete concentration.

Vim and Versatile

Grüner Veltliner's freshness and savoriness are perfectly expressed in these taut, full-flavored wines. The rare combination of character and unobtrusiveness make this style the darling of sommeliers. These wines have enough acidity to brighten and counter numerous foods without taking center stage, yet possess the spice to stand their ground. They play effortlessly alongside Wiener schnitzel, but also with dishes as varied as piquant ceviche and creamy risotto.

These wines come in a range of weights, from zesty Wachau Federspiel to concentrated single-vineyard wines. However, all have plenty of verve and backbone, and they can age well.

Marion Ebner-Ebenauer, who makes precise but expressive Grüner Veltliners in the Weinviertel, says the secret is to take things slow, especially in prime sites like Sauberg.

"We harvest late, either on very cool days or early in the morning when days are warm," she says.

The crushed grapes have 12 to 24 hours of skin contact before they're pressed and fermented with indigenous yeasts.

"We realized that the spontaneous ferment gives us less-alcoholic wines with more depth and tension," says Ebner-Ebenauer. "The fermentation is very slow, often continuing well into the new year. The wine is thus in contact with its gross lees for a long time. This has a real influence on the wine's character."

The slow ripening season pays dividends for Roman Horvath, MW, of Domäne Wachau, in the steep vineyards of the Wachau.

"It preserves acidity in the wine," he says. He attributes the light-footed, spicy style of his Terrassen Grüner Veltliner to the densely planted vineyard terraces on which his grapes thrive.

"They're very old vines planted in the 1950s and '60s with unusually high density," says Horvath. "The soils are stony, and the vines thus give naturally low yields with much smaller grapes than you would get on flat land. The fruit-skin ratio is thus very different, and the resulting phenolics lead to real juiciness."

Editors' Choice. **abv:** 13.5% **Price: \$29** Domäne Wachau 2016 Terrassen Federspiel (Wachau). Gonzalez Byass USA. **abv:** 12% Price: \$20 **Ebner-Ebenauer** 2015 Sauberg Reserve (Niederösterreich). Winemonger. Editors' Choice. abv: 13.5% DOMANE Emptal / Osterreich Birgit EICHINGER GRUNER VELTUNE State Garden Land Land Creacy Vehilliner 2015

Eichinger 2015 Ried

Gaisberg Reserve

(Kamptal). Weygandt-Metzler.

Creamy and Rounded

This is the mellowest side of Grüner Veltliner. Grown on the rich, deep loess soils of Wagram or in the richer soils of Kamptal and kept on their lees, they attain a rounded creaminess and are almost soft in an herbtinged way. These are uniquely savory wines with a rich appeal all their own.

Bernhard Ott, in Wagram, is one of the masters of this style. While he acknowledges the role that rich loess soils play, he emphasizes that warmer vintages make the wines even creamier. For his single-vineyard wine from Rosenberg, he treats the grapes exactly as they would have been 100 years ago.

"All the grapes and stems are crushed and have skin contact for about eight to 15 hours before being pressed," he says. "I believe that this traditional way of working makes the wines spicier, nervier and a touch more savory.

"Of course, you can only do this when Grüner Veltliner is absolutely hale, hearty and healthy. The variety is known for synthesizing a lot of phenolics in its grape skins in warmer vintages... After more than 20 years of vinifying this way, I'm convinced that Grüner Veltliner needs stems in order to have structure alongside its classic Veltliner character."

Fred Loimer, who makes a range of Grüner styles, has a creamy, single-site wine from his Spiegel vineyard in Kamptal.

"The mighty loess layer provides excellent nutrients for this wine," he says. "This, along with the warm microclimate and 10 months on lees in a large, used barrel, creates extreme smoothness, making this a very generous reserve Veltliner."

Ott says that these rich styles possess versatility when paired with food.

"The very well-integrated acidity offers possibilities to match with dishes that have a distinct acidity component themselves," he says. "On the other hand, the sheer body of the wine allows pairing with heartier dishes without ever coming across as alcoholic."

Rosenberg (Wagram). Skurnik Wines, Inc. **Price:** \$67 abv: 13.5% **Anton Bauer 2015 Grande** Reserve (Wagram). KWSelection.com. **abv:** 13.5% **Price:** \$49

Bernhard Ott 2015

Loimer 2015 Langenlois Spiegel (Kamptal). Craft + Estate—The Winebow

Group. **aby:** 13% **Price: \$60**



Experimental GV

Martin Diwald from Wagram loves to put Grüner to the test. Each year, he tries something new with his grapes from Altweingarten, one of his single sites.

says. "I let everything ferment

spontaneously. I want Grüner to really taste of Grüner, and of each vintage. I try lots of things, like fermenting Grüner on its skins or fermenting whole berries in to see what Grüner can do, how

far I can take it. From stainless steel tanks via barrels of acacia or French oak, somehow, anything goes. The great thing is that Grüner can do it."

variety is rife in Austria. It's been foot-trodden and fermented in Georgian *qvevri*, large earthenware sunken into the ground. Sadly, very make it to the United States.

Serious and Ageworthy

These are concentrated, impressive wines with weight, stature and longevity to match. Smaragd wines from the Wachau fall into this category, as do wines from classified single vineyards in Kremstal, Kamptal, Wagram and Traisental.

The wines usually get their concentration from the naturally low yields of old vines and are harvested late, often during the latter part of October or even November. They also come in a range of styles. All require bottle age to reveal their true potential.

"Grüner Veltliner can transmit a very complex, concentrated character—to such a degree it can surprise people who are not familiar with the style," says Michael Malat, who makes an exacting style in Kremstal. "People always talk about the spice and savoriness of Grüner, but for me, it's more than that. There are yellow fruits and melon, more ripeness, more herbs. It's a broad aromatic spectrum."

Whereas Malat's wines are in a linear, precise vein, the wines of Franz Hirtzberger Jr. tend toward opulence.

"We try and tease out ripeness to the max," says Hirtzberger about his single-vineyard Honivogl Grüner Veltliner. "We are really pushing it in the vineyard, waiting until we hit some overripeness.

That gives us immense density, power and texture in the wines, along with incredible aging potential and lots of spice."

Both styles age extremely well.

At this level of quality, winemakers also use oak in a different way. They often opt for barrels that are smaller than the traditional large, oval fuders in order to give flavor and mouthfeel to the wines.

"We age our Lamm single-vineyard Grüner Veltliner in slightly smaller casks to show a little oak impact," says Andreas Wickoff, MW, of Weingut Bründlmayer in Kamptal. "Another oak-aged interpretation of Grüner is Vincent's Spiegel, where this single-vineyard wine is aged in used 300-liter oak barrels, which gives us a really beautiful hazelnut character. Grüner can be so much more than just light, zippy and crisp."

